Nearly half of Canada's COVID-19 cases now acquired through community spread, Public Health Agency of Canada says

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Nearly half of Canada's COVID-19 cases are now being acquired

infections, hospitalizations and deaths mounts across the country.

Public-health experts say Canada faces a crucial few weeks during which hospitals will have an influx of severely ill patients that will strain their resources. On Monday, the country had nearly 1,500 confirmed cases of COVID-19, including 20 deaths. Last Monday, Canada had just more than 400 confirmed cases.

One reason for the spike is that **COVID-19** is now spreading widely across Canada and **is no longer confined to travellers returning from overseas**. On Monday, the Public Health Agency of Canada reported that **44 per cent of all COVID-19 cases** in the country **are the result of community transmission**, meaning they have no link to international travel. **This means people could contract the virus while visiting friends or buying groceries**.

"You could pick it up at any time, from anybody," said Michael Gardam, an infection control expert and chief of staff at Toronto's Humber River Hospital. "That's why the general strategy of social distancing is so important. Anybody could have it." Dr. Gardam said adherence to requests to stay home is the key to stopping transmission.

"Truthfully, if all of us stayed more than two metres away from each other for 14 days, this thing would stop," he said.

In Ontario, local health officials said two people have died as result of community-acquired COVID-19 in the past week. But Barbara Yaffe, Ontario's associate chief medical officer of health, said it's not clear community transmission is a problem in the province, and it's possible that local health officials simply haven't been able to properly connect new cases to international travel.

"I think we're looking at cases where the local public-health unit has been unable to identify a source," Dr. Yaffe said. "Obviously, they got [COVID-19] from somewhere. It didn't come out of the air."

Two deaths linked to community transmission in Ontario are a concern, health experts say, because they represent the tip of the iceberg in terms of the total extent of COVID-19 spread.

Only a small percentage of people with the virus become severely ill, and it typically takes a few weeks from the onset of infection until death. So that means COVID-19 has been spreading locally in communities throughout Ontario for weeks, with most cases undetected.

Many people have mild symptoms and may not realize they are infected.

Also, Ontario doesn't test people unless they are severely ill or in a high-risk group, such as health-care workers or long-term care residents. That's why experts believe the true extent of the disease is vastly underestimated.

As a result, they want governments to do more to warn people they could become infected if they continue to interact with friends, extended family or others.

"To not be very open about community spread is mind boggling to me. Very clearly, there is community spread going on," Dr. Gardam said. "Now is not the time to be vague. Now, I would argue, is the time to be very explicit about what you want people to do."

Federal and provincial leaders stepped up their warnings on Monday about the need for people to stay home and avoid gathering with others.

"Enough is enough. Go home and stay home," Prime Minister Justin Trudeau said on Monday. "This is what we all need to be doing."